

**Problem 1 : Iterated Integral**

Compute the following iterated integral:

1.  $\int_0^2 \int_{-1}^{x^2} \int_1^y xyz dz dy dx$

2.  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\sin \theta} \int_0^{r \cos \theta} r^2 dz dr d\theta$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_0^2 \int_{-1}^{x^2} x \cdot y \cdot \left. \frac{z^2}{2} \right|_{z=1}^{z=y} dy dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 \int_{-1}^{x^2} xy \left( \frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) dy dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 \left( \frac{x}{2} \cdot \frac{y^4}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \cdot \frac{y^2}{2} \right) \Big|_{y=-1}^{y=x^2} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^2 \left( \frac{x^9}{8} - \frac{x^5}{4} - \frac{x}{8} + \frac{x}{4} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{10}}{80} - \frac{2^6}{24} + \frac{2^2}{16}$$

2.  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\sin \theta} r^2 \cdot z \Big|_{z=0}^{z=r \cos \theta} dr d\theta$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\sin \theta} r^3 \cos \theta \cdot dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos \theta \cdot \left. \frac{r^4}{4} \right|_{r=0}^{r=\sin \theta} d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos \theta \cdot \frac{\sin^4 \theta}{4} d\theta \quad \begin{matrix} u = \sin \theta \\ du = \cos \theta d\theta \end{matrix} \int_0^1 \frac{u^4}{4} du$$

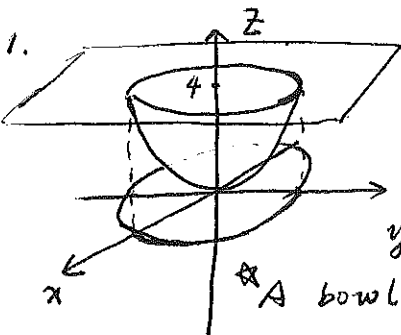
$$= \frac{1}{20}$$

**Problem 2 : Describe Region**

For all the region:

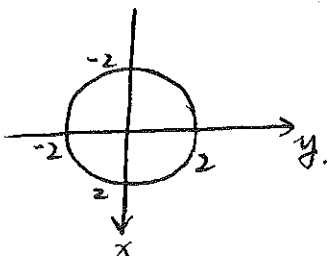
1. Sketch the region D;
2. Write the iterated integral on this region.

1. The region bounded by  $z = x^2 + y^2$  and  $z = 4$ ;
2. The region in the first octant bounded by  $x + y + z = 9$ ,  $2x + 3y = 18$  and  $x + 3y = 9$ .
3. The region bounded by  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and  $z = 0$ ,  $z = 5$ .
4. The region in the first octant bounded by  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ , and  $z = x + y$ .

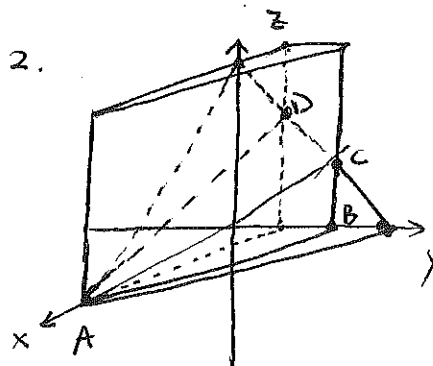


$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_{x^2+y^2}^4 dz dy dx$$

Projection to xy-plane:

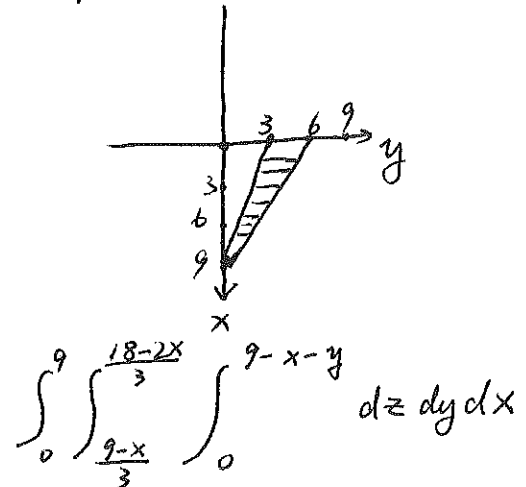


$$\begin{cases} z = x^2 + y^2 \\ z = 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 4$$



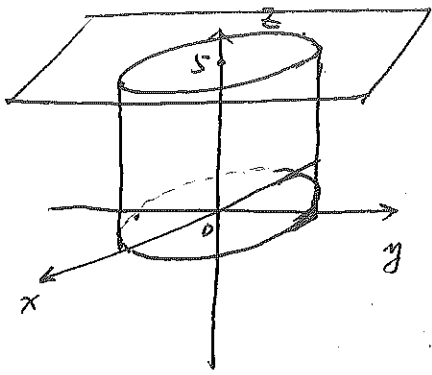
The shape is ABCD. Like a wedge.

Projection to xy-plane:



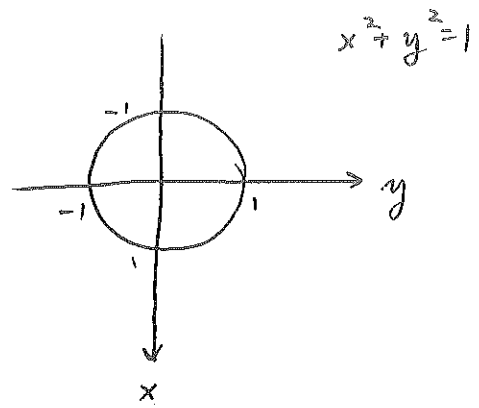
$$\int_0^9 \int_{\frac{9-x}{3}}^{\frac{18-2x}{3}} \int_0^{9-x-y} dz dy dx$$

3.



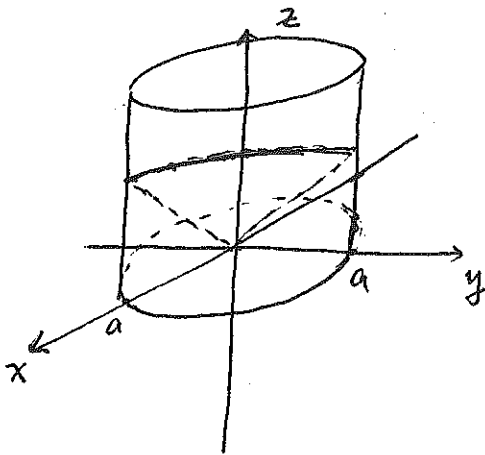
A cylinder

Projection:

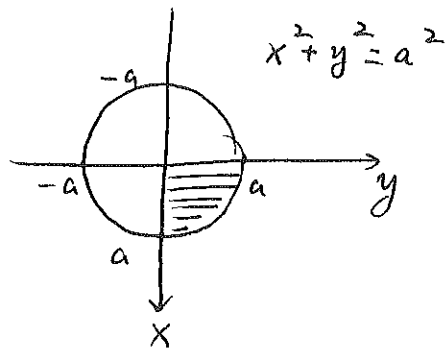


$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^5 dz dy dx$$

4.



Projection:



$$\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \int_0^{x+y} dz dy dx$$