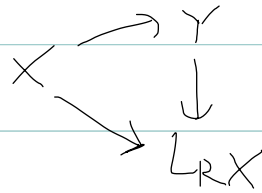


Start w/ Omar's remark

$R_\infty X$ as $L_R X$

Localization

- Let R be an abelian group.
- Consider all maps $f: X \rightarrow Y$ s.t. $H_*(f; R): H_*(X; R) \rightarrow H_*(Y; R)$ is an equivalence. Call such an f an R -homology equivalence.
- Def: $X \rightarrow L_R X$ is a localization if $\forall X \xrightarrow{f} Y$ s.t. $H_*(f; R)$ is an iso, there is a map $Y \xrightarrow{g} L_R X$ unique up to homotopy s.t.



Commutates,

$\Rightarrow L_R X$ unique up to htpy.

model

(= category equipped w/ structure to allow one to do htpy thg)

larger picture: it is useful to work in a \mathcal{M} category \mathcal{M} with R -homology equivalences inverted. $L_R X$ is "fibrant replacement".

• $R_\infty X$ is a first approximation to $L_R X$. They are not always equal!

Thm: If $X \rightarrow R_\infty X$ is $H_*(-; R)$ -equivalence, then $X \rightarrow R_\infty X$ is the localization

ex: $\mathbb{R}P^2$
 $R = \mathbb{Z}$

Lemma: If $X \rightarrow Y$ is $H_*(-; R)$ -equivalence, then the induced map

$R_\infty X \rightarrow R_\infty Y$ is a weak equivalence.

pf: $X \rightarrow Y$ induces

$$\underbrace{RX}_{\sim} \rightarrow \underbrace{RY}_{\sim}$$

We showed $\pi_* (RX) \cong M_* (X, R)$.

Thus hyp $\Rightarrow RX \rightarrow RY$ is a weak equiv.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Rightarrow R^{n+1} X & \rightarrow & R^{n+1} Y & \quad \parallel \\ \parallel & & \parallel & \\ \underbrace{RX}_{\sim} & & \underbrace{RY}_{\sim} & \end{array}$$

Let $E_{-s,t}^r(X)$ denote spectral sequence corresponding to $R_\infty X = \varprojlim \text{Tot}_m \underbrace{RX}_{\sim}$

By last time, $E_{-s,t}^2(X) = \pi^s \pi_+ \underbrace{RX}_{\sim}$

$\Rightarrow E_{-s,t}^2(X) \rightarrow E_{-s,t}^2(Y)$ is iso

By Bousfield mapping lemma, $R_\infty X \rightarrow R_\infty Y$ we \square

(we're sweeping a connectedness issue under rug,
but it can be dealt with)

Thus

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\
 \downarrow & \swarrow & \downarrow \\
 R_{\infty} X & \xrightarrow[\cong]{R_{\infty} f} & R_{\infty} Y
 \end{array}$$

Lemma: Suppose $Z \in \mathcal{S}\text{Set}$ s.t. $\tilde{H}_*(Z; R) = 0$.

Let $W \in \mathcal{S}\text{Set}$, $R = \text{field}$

← This hypothesis is unnecessary

$$\text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} W) \stackrel{\leftarrow \text{ptd maps}}{=} *$$

pf: Define $\text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} X) \in \text{Fun}(\Delta, \mathcal{S}\text{Set})$

by $\text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} X)([n]) = \text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} X([n])) \in \mathcal{S}\text{Set}$
(give q -simplices)

$$\text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} W) = \text{Map}_*(Z, \text{Map}(\Delta, R_{\infty} X))$$

$$= \text{Map}(\Delta, \text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} X)) = \text{Tot } \text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} X)$$

$E_{-s, +}^2 = \pi^s \pi_+ \text{Map}_*(Z, R_{\infty} X)$. By Bousfield connectivity

lemma, it suffices to see $E_{-s,t}^2 = *$

$$\Pi_* \text{Map}_*(Z, \underline{R}X[n]) = \text{Map}_*(S^+ \wedge Z, \underline{R}X[n])$$

We showed that $R(\underline{R} \cdots \underline{R} X)$ is a product of Eilenberg MacLane spaces $K(n, R)$

Since $\tilde{H}(Z, R) = 0$, $\tilde{H}(S^+ \wedge Z, R) = 0$.

$$\Rightarrow \Pi_* \text{Map}_*(Z, \underline{R}X[n]) = 0. \quad \square$$

Cor: If $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is an R -homology

equivalence, then

$$[Y, R_\infty W] \longrightarrow [X, R_\infty W]$$

is a bijection.

pf: It is useful to replace $X \rightarrow Y$ by an inclusion "cofibrant replacement." "mapping cylinder"

$$x \mapsto x \times 0$$

$$X \longrightarrow X \times [0,1] \coprod_{X \times \{1\}} Y = C_Y(f) \simeq Y$$

$$\simeq \frac{C_Y(f)}{X}$$

$$X \longrightarrow X \times \{0,1\} \coprod_{X \times \{1\}} Y \longrightarrow C(X \xrightarrow{f} Y)$$

$$\simeq \frac{X \times [0,1]}{X \times 0} \coprod_{X \times \{1\}} Y$$

LES $(X, C_Y(f))$ in H_*
 shows $H_*(C(f), \mathbb{R}) = 0$

Gives fibration

$$\text{Map}_*(C(f), \mathbb{R}_\infty W) \longrightarrow \text{Map}(C_Y(f), \mathbb{R}_\infty W) \simeq \text{Map}(Y, \mathbb{R}_\infty W)$$

$$\downarrow \textcircled{\star}$$

$$\text{Map}(X, \mathbb{R}_\infty W)$$

By previous lemma $\pi_* \text{Map}_*(C(f), \mathbb{R}_\infty W) = 0$

$\Rightarrow \textcircled{\star}$ is π_* -iso □

Pf thm: Take $W = X$ in the corollary.

Def: fiber product.
Let $X_{\mathbb{R}} = L_{\mathbb{R}} X$

Arithmetic Square Let X be nilpotent.

Then up to htpy there is a fiber square

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \longrightarrow & \prod_{p \text{ prime}} X_{\mathbb{Z}/p} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ X_{\mathbb{Q}} & \longrightarrow & \left(\prod_p X_{\mathbb{Z}/p} \right)_{\mathbb{Q}} \end{array}$$

reference: Pror, Dwyer, Kan

"An Arithmetic square for virtually nilpotent spaces"

Furthermore, the localizations can be replaced by completions

of Bousfield
Thm (Miller) Let Z be connected

s.t. $\tilde{H}_*^{\sim}(Z; \mathbb{Z}[\frac{1}{p}]) = 0$ and

let X be nilpotent (and "Kan")
Then $X \rightarrow (\mathbb{Z}/p) \infty X$ induces
a weak equivalence

$$\text{Map}_*(Z, X) \rightarrow \text{Map}_*(Z, (\mathbb{Z}/p) \infty X)$$

Cor: The above holds for $W = BG$
for G a p -group

• Sullivan's conjecture in case
of trivial action is statement

$$\text{Map}_*(BG, X) \simeq *$$

This corollary reduces problem
to $(\mathbb{Z}/p) \infty X$. (assuming X nilpotent)

pf: $\text{Map}(\mathbb{Z}, \text{arithmetic square})$ gives
a fiber square

Let $R = \mathbb{Q}$ or \mathbb{Z}/ℓ . Hyp \Rightarrow
 $H^*(\mathbb{Z}, R) = 0$

By lemma, $\text{Map}_*(\mathbb{Z}, R_\infty W) \simeq *$

Only nonvanishing elts of square

$\text{map}_*(\mathbb{Z}, X) \rightarrow \text{map}_*(\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}/\ell X)_\infty \quad \square$