

Welcome!

- ▶ The syllabus and course materials are on my website:
<http://people.math.gatech.edu/~jrabinoff/1617F-1553/>
(There is a link from T-Square.) **Read it!** Chances are, it answers all your administrative questions.
- ▶ There is an easy one-problem homework set called *Warmup* on WebWork whose sole purpose is to make sure you're able to login to the system and successfully get credit for your answers. It is due Friday.
- ▶ Enroll in Piazza (the link is on T-Square). You can ask questions there, and we will use it for in-class polling on a daily basis. I will also send announcements through Piazza, and you won't receive them until you enroll. **Please use your T-Square email address to enroll**, so that your poll responses show up in the T-Square gradebook.
- ▶ Bring your smartphone or laptop to class, but please don't use it unless we're actually doing a poll.
- ▶ My office is Skiles 221 and my office hours are Wednesday, 1–2pm and Thursday, 3:30–4:30pm.

Math 1553

Introduction to Linear Algebra

School of Mathematics
Georgia Institute of Technology

Introduction to Linear Algebra

Linear. Algebra.

What is Linear Algebra?

Linear

- ▶ having to do with lines/planes/etc.
- ▶ For example, $x + y + 3z = 7$, not \sin , \log , x^2 , etc.

Algebra

- ▶ solving equations involving numbers and symbols
- ▶ from al-jabr (Arabic), meaning reunion of broken parts
- ▶ 9th century Abu Ja'far Muhammad ibn Muso al-Khwarizmi

Why a whole course?

But these are the easiest kind of equations! I learned how to solve them in 7th grade!

Ah, but engineers need to solve *lots* of equations in *lots* of variables.

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 10x_3 + 19x_4 - 2x_5 - 3x_6 = 141$$

$$7x_1 + 2x_2 - 13x_3 - 7x_4 + 21x_5 + 8x_6 = 2567$$

$$-x_1 + 9x_2 + \frac{3}{2}x_3 + x_4 + 14x_5 + 27x_6 = 26$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x_1 + 4x_2 + 10x_3 + 11x_4 + 2x_5 + x_6 = -15$$

Often, it's enough to know some information about the set of solutions without having to solve the equations at all!

Also, what if one of the coefficients of the x_i is itself a parameter — like an unknown real number t ?

Large classes of engineering problems, no matter how huge, can be reduced to linear algebra:

$$Ax = b \quad \text{or}$$

$$Ax = \lambda x$$

“...and now it's just linear algebra”

Applications of Linear Algebra

Civil Engineering: How much traffic flows through the four labeled segments?

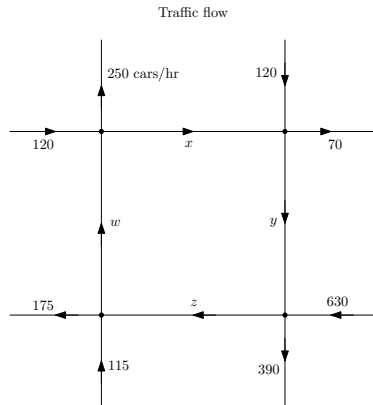
~> system of linear equations:

$$w + 120 = x + 250$$

$$x + 120 = y + 70$$

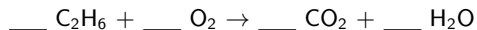
$$y + 630 = z + 390$$

$$z + 115 = w + 175$$



Applications of Linear Algebra

Chemistry: Balancing reaction equations



\rightsquigarrow system of linear equations, one equation for each element.

$$2x = z$$

$$6x = 2w$$

$$2y = 2z$$

Applications of Linear Algebra

Biology: In a population of rabbits. . .

- ▶ half of the new born rabbits survive their first year
- ▶ of those, half survive their second year
- ▶ the maximum life span is three years
- ▶ rabbits produce 0, 6, 8 rabbits in their first, second, and third years

If I know the population in 2016 (in terms of the number of first, second, and third year rabbits), then what is the population in 2017? \rightsquigarrow system of linear equations:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6y_{2016} + 8z_{2016} & = & x_{2017} \\ \frac{1}{2}x_{2016} & = & y_{2017} \\ \frac{1}{2}y_{2016} & = & z_{2017} \end{array}$$

Question

Does the rabbit population have an asymptotic behavior? Is this even a linear algebra question? Yes, it is!

Applications of Linear Algebra

Geometry and Astronomy: Find the equation of a circle passing through 3 given points, say $(1, 0)$, $(0, 1)$, and $(1, 1)$. The general form of a circle is $a(x^2 + y^2) + bx + cy + d = 0$. \rightsquigarrow system of linear equations:

$$a + b + d = 0$$

$$a + c + d = 0$$

$$2a + b + c + d = 0$$

Very similar to: compute the orbit of a planet: $ax^2 + by^2 + cx + dy + e = 0$

Applications of Linear Algebra

Google: “The 25 billion dollar eigenvector.” Each web page has some importance, which it shares via outgoing links to other pages \rightsquigarrow system of linear equations.

Larry Page flies around in a private 747 because he paid attention in his linear algebra class!

Stay tuned!

Overview of the course

- ▶ Solve the matrix equation $Ax = b$
 - ▶ Solve systems of linear equations using matrices, row reduction, and inverses
 - ▶ Solve systems of linear equations with varying parameters using parametric forms for solutions, the geometry of linear transformations, the characterizations of invertible matrices, and determinants
- ▶ Solve the matrix equation $Ax = \lambda x$
 - ▶ Solve eigenvalue problems through the use of the characteristic polynomial
 - ▶ Understand the dynamics of a linear transformation via the computation of eigenvalues, eigenvectors, and diagonalization
- ▶ Almost solve the equation $Ax = b$
 - ▶ Find best-fit solutions to systems of linear equations that have no actual solution using least squares approximations