## Math 31L Lab Quiz \#2

Blake Fall 1999
Name: $\qquad$

1. (10 points) Use the differential equations and initial conditions below to find $y(t)$.

Be sure to show all your work. Unsupported answers will receive no credit.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d y}{d t}=2 w, y(0)=4 \\
& \frac{d w}{d t}=-2 w, w(0)=5 .
\end{aligned}
$$

2. (20 points) Consider the differential equations below, with the indicated initial conditions.

$$
\frac{d y}{d t}=-5 y+7 w ; \quad \frac{d w}{d t}=5 y-7 w ; \quad y(0)=20 \text { and } w(0)=16
$$

(a) Explain clearlywhy $y(t)+w(t)$ must be constant. What is the constant?
(b) What makes the differential equation, $\frac{d y}{d t}=-5 y+7 w$, more difficult to solve than the differential equations we have encountered before this lab? [Put a check beside the best answer.]
$\qquad$ There are two dependent variables.

There is no $t$ on the right-hand side.
$\qquad$ It's a second-order differential equation. $\frac{d y}{d t}$ is a linear function of $y$.
$\qquad$ Actually it's just as easy: you simply antidifferentiate term-by-term.
(c) To find $y(t)$ the first step would be to replace the differential equation, $\frac{d y}{d t}=-5 y+7 w$, with one that's easy to solve. Do that now; i.e., produce an expression for $\frac{d y}{d t}$ which we can solve easily. Be sure to show all of your work. Do not solve the differential equation that you give as the answer to this problem.
(d) The function, $y(t)$, that is part of the solution to the system above is $y(t)=21-e^{-12 t}$. Find $w(t)$.
(e) Show how you could find the equilibrium value of $y$ without using the solution, $y(t)$. Be sure to justify your answers with clear work.
(f) Show how to use the solution to find the equilibrium value of $y$. Be sure to show your work clearly.

